the same day half an inch of snow fell at Pertsmouth. O. C. F. KIMBALL, of Chicago, was, on the 26th, elected president of the National Carriage Builders' association in

session at Buffalo, N. Y. THE steamer Oranje Nassau, which arrived at her dock in Brooklyn, on the 27th, from West Indian ports, brought confirmation of the threatened

revolution in Hayti. HARRY VANE MILBANK, the noted English duelist, and a veteran of the campaign in the Soudan, died at Davosplatz, Switzerland, on the 24th, of a broken constitution.

THE recent case of alleged development of pleuro-pneumonia in cattle from America after they had landed in England, is causing considerable anxiety among stock-raisers there.

MISS BETTIE FLEISCHMANN, of Cincinnati, the American girl who declined to marry a European nobleman because he would not become an American citzen, was married, on the 26th, to a Dr. C. R. Holmes.

AUDIENCES have for the present been abandoned by the pope on account of his illness. The pope has agreed to the proposal to create the anniversary of the discovery of America a religious festival in Colombia.

The general Episcopal convention in Baltimore, on the 25th, passed a resolution expressing sincere and respectful sympathy with the president on the sad "bereavement which has darkened his home and his heart."

It is said that the switchmen of the country are preparing for a monster strike next May, expecting to cripple the World's fair business of the railroads and force them to concede the demands of their employes.

ALL that was mortal of Caroline Scott Harrison, the beloved wife of the president of the United States, was laid to rest with solemn and appropriate ceremonies, in Crown Hill cemetery, at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 28th.

THE rumors which had been in circulation for some time of an impending general strike of railroad switchmen on or before May 1 next, was confirmed by a number of the men in the Jersey City (N. J.) yards on the 26th.

PROF. WILLIAM SWINTON, aged 60, the well-known author of the series of school books that bear his name, died suddenly of apoplexy at the Neuville | Tonquin. flats at 252 West Eighty-fourth street, New York, on the night of the 24th.

THE Anchor line steamer Roumania en route to Bombay, went ashore, on the 27th, at the mouth of the Arno, off the coast of Portugal, near Penicke, and 113 of the 122 persons on board were lost, together with a full cargo of valuable merchandise.

THE business failures occurring throughout the country during the seven days ended on the 27th, number for the United States, 167, and for Canada 20; or a total of 187, as compared with 255 for the corresponding week of last year.

THE Durham (England) miners balloted again, on the 24th, on the subject of making an eight-hour working day compulsory by law. The result was a vote of 12,684 in favor of making eight hours compulsory, and 28,217 in opposition to an eight-hour enact-

REFERRING to Mr. Cleveland's action in refraining from attending the ceremonies at Chicago on account of Mrs. Harrison's illness, the London Daily Telegraph says: "Mr. Cleveland's chivalry is warmly appreciated in England, where sincere sympathy is felt with President Harrison." \* "."

THE gale which raged along the coast of Newfoundland recently was very severe. The coast was devastated and ten vessels lost or missing and twentyone lives were sacrificed. At Green's Pond the sea unearthed the bodies in two graveyards, and they were broken to pieces on the grand banks.

A DISPATCH from Three Rivers, Que. says that, while the police guard has been withdrawn from the United States consulate, the family of Consul Smith are insulted in various ways when they appear on the streets, because of the consul's adverse report on the sanitary condition of the city.

CAPT. FRED P. WHITE died at Colorado Springs, Col., on the 28th, at the age of 51. He was captain on the Pacific mail steamer Costa Rica and earned a national reputation more than a year ago, while in command of the City of Panama, when he refused to surren der to the republic of Salvador five political refugees who were his passen-

THE first fire of note in Jackson park since the World's fair buildings were begun started, on the 28th, in the main dome of the large machinery hall, caused by live coals from a tinner's furnace which had been left upon the roof. The fire burned over an hour, but because of the small amount of woodwork in the building, the damage was not serious.

TIMOTHY HARRINGTON, the Parnellite leader and member of parliament for Dublin harbor, gave notice, on the 27th, that he accepted the proposition of Archbishop Croke that the Paris fund be released from the custody of the bankers in whose charge it now is, and of the Irish national cause, until a de- mains and laterals. cision is arrived at as to the disposal of

favor of restoring the temporal power abroad. of the pope and against the projected THE case of ex-Private W. L. Iams, signed their seats as a protest against organization in Spain of a society to who was punished by hanging up by the re-election of Dr. Strick to the that end, the duke of Tetan, minister the thumbs for misconduct and indis- presidency of that body. of foreign affairs, replied that the gov- creet utterances on the occasion of the ernment could not act in the matter of shooting of H. C. Frick, was called in discussion in the Catholic congress as Pittsburgh, on the 27th. the laws of Spain permitted freedom of THE National Carriage Builders' asspeech, but the society in question sociation, in session at Buffalo, N. Y., would not be tolerated, as it would be selected Chicago as the place of meet- cratic vice-presidential nominee, issued

## Fron County Register NEWS AND NOTES.

A Summary of Important Events. PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

On the 25th Gov. McKinley addressed an assemblage in the St. Louis exposition music hall that filled every possible inch of seating and standing room, and which overflowed into the vestibules and out into the street. Thousands were compeled to go home disappointed in their expectation of hearing directly from the father of the tariff bill.

ARTICLES of incorporation have been filed by the Swansea Steel and Tin Plate Co.; capital, \$200,000. The incorporators are: Walter R. Howard, L. L. Shirley and Jesse F. Roberts. The principal stockholders are Welsh capitalists. The plant will be located at St. Paul Park, a suburb of St. Paul, Minn. The mills will not employ less than 300 men. Work on the buildings will be begun early in January and the mills will be in operation by June 1. JUDGE BLODGETT, of the United States district court for the northern district of Illinois, on the 25th confirmed the statement published that he had tendered his resignation to the president on the 15th, to take effect the first Monday in December. The judge has occupied a seat on the district

bench twenty-two years. GEN. JAMES W. TUTTLE, hero of Fort Donelson, died at Casa Grande, Ariz.,

of paralysis, on the 24th. GEN. BOOTH has appealed to the members of the Salvation Army for £60,000 to enable him to continue his "Darkest England" work. He says that unless this sum is received before Christmas he will be placed in a position of extreme difficulty, and the further development of his scheme will

be impossible. THERE were seven fresh cases of cholera and one death in Hamburg on the 25th.

ALL the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Co.'s collieries have been shut down indefinitely and work has been begun at overhauling the Mahanoy Plane machinery. It will be several weeks before all the mines are in oper-

BORTIS GODDARD and John Glasimer, printers, were asphyxiated by odorless fuel gas which escaped from a jet in their room at 401 Forty-sixth street, Chicago, on the night of the 25th.

LADY RANDOLPH CHURCHILL, formerly Miss Jerome, of New York, who had been seriously ill for several days, was reported better, on the 26th, but not vet out of danger.

WARREN A. WATROUS, well known real estate and note broker, was arrested, on the 26th, on a warrant charging him with forgery.

It is reported that owing to the distends increasing the military forces in

At the Rockdale flouring mills in the American Humane association in Aleese entered the engine-room to inquire why the steam had run down and next meeting in 1893. found Engineer Chewning's body lying on the floor, with both legs off, the right arm torn out and thrown to one corner of the room, the left arm smashed, the head broken, the ribs drowned. crushed into the liver and lungs, one foot found twenty feet away and fragments of flesh and clothing scattered about the ceiling. He had been caught | Europe to New York. He was one of

in the belting. THE new return postal cards were placed on sale at the various post offices throughout the country on the 26th. BILL DALTON, brother of the exterminated outlaws, was in Coffevville, Kas., on the 26th, and said he was go-

ing to bring suit against the city of injured. Coffevville for \$10,000 damages because the pockets of the dead bandits were

lower workings of the Stoddard mine, Engineer Allison went down and was one of the finest of the fabulously rich | killed. claims on the famous gold and silver De Lamar lode in Owyhee county. Idaho, has created a decided sensation in southern Idaho.

Ox the 26th the church circles of Boise Idaho, were stirred to the center when it was announced that Fred A. Wilkie, prohibition nominee for county treasurer, and a leader of all local religious movements, was to be arrested for embezzlement of about \$2,000 of the funds of the Boise Baptist church.

Six new cases and four deaths from cholera were reported by the authorities of Vienna on the 26th.

AT a cost of over \$1,500,000, and with assigned to permanent moorings in "Rotten row" at the Mare Island navy lost all their costumes. yard, as the result of striking upon a hidden rock during her recent cruise in Behring sea.

FUNERAL exercises over the remains of Mrs. Harrison, previous to their removal to Indianapolis for interment, were held in the east room of the White House at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 27th. They were brief and value. simple, in accordance with the wishes of the deceased and the president that

there be no attempt at display. JAMES EPPS was arrested near Flint-States Deputy Marshal Quinn, charged with assisting in the recent assassina- great fire. tion of Deputy Collectors Cardwell and Mathes, and the mortal wounding of

fourth man arrested on the charge. INVESTIGATION of the typhoid fever plague prevailing at Ishpeming, Mich., showed, on the 27th, 132 cases. Deaths | storm. average three per day in a city of less than 15,000 population. Poisonous gas have declared their intention to conand impure water are the causes, result- tinue the strike, owing to the refusal held by disinterested parties in behalf | ing from the excavation for sewerage | of the government to order the release

FREDERICK MOLLINGER and F. A. P. Mollinger, of Amsterdam, nephews of ADISPATCH from Sydney, N. S. W., the late Father Mollinger, are in Pitts- states that six leaders of the Broken On the protest of the marquis of burgh, Pa., having come over to claim Hill strike have been sentenced to Boglio, Italian ambassador to Spain, their share of the priest-physician's terms of imprisonment varying from against the speeches made at the re- property. Both gentlemen have powers | three months to two years. cent congress of Spanish Catholics in of attorney to represent all the heirs | Eighteen radical members of the

ing next year.

THE United States ship Chicago, Admiral Walker's flagship, sailed from La Guayra, Venezuela, on the 23th, for

RUMORS were current in Lisbon, on the 27th, that the cabinet would resign and that Serpa Pimental will be pre-

THE White Star steamer Teutonic arrived at New York, on the 27th. after one of the stormiest voyages from Liverpool she ever encountered. It was reported that two of the cabin passengers had become crazed by the terror created by the supposed imminent danger of the stanch ship foundering in e heavy gale that blew for two days. SINCE natural gas was first discov-

ared in Indiana \$20,000 has been expended in Boone county in an unsuccessful effort to find cheap fuel. On the 27th luck changed, and a gusher that sends water and sand 75 feet high was struck within the city limits of lebanon. Real estate has already advanced a notch in consequence of the

JUDGE GILBERT of Porter county, nd., rendered a decision, en the 27th pholding the constitutionality of the Indiana tax law. The suit was one in which the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railroad Co. was resisting the collection of taxes in sixty-five counties. The case will go to the supreme court.

A RUMOR is current at Apia, Samoa, that the British government will annex Samoa, or at least deelare a protectorate, though heretofore it was generally understood that when King George of Tonga died England would take that island and Jermany Samoa.

A MANITOBA Indian made a death-bed onfession that he and a companion, while accompanying a Sir John Frankin Arctic relief expedition, discovered one of Franklin's ships, but were afraid to report it, fearing delay at a time when provisions were short.

Liquors will be sold at Jackson park during the World's fair. After a long liscussion, on the 27th, the national commission decided that it would not interfere with the contracts made by the Chicago directors for the sale of light beverages and stimulants.

THE biggest conflagration in the history of Milwaukee swept over that city on the evening of the 28th, devastating section of wholesale business houses, small residences, freight houses, elevators and vards a half mile wide and a mile long, and entailing a loss of fully \$10,000,000. Hundreds of poor families are homeless and a number of lives were lost. It was a duplication, on a somewhat smaller scale, of the great Chicago fire of 1871.

SIMEON J. THOMPSON, editor of the Shelbyville (Ind.) Republican, was asin Washington commercial circles as a John C. Johnson, on the 28th, who was saulted and badly beaten by Constable aggrieved at some uncomplimentary item in the Republican.

Ir was reported, on the 28th, that an armed conflict had occurred in the Diaturbances and unsettled state of the kova district of Old Servia, and that country, the French government in- two battalions had been sent to the scene to suppress the disturbance. THE sixteenth annual convention of

Dubuque, Ia., on the 26th, Miller Mc- Philadelphia closed on the 28th. Chicago was chosen as the place for the THE ferryboat Sinfaen, while crossing the river Douro, in Portugal, on

> the 28th, was capsized and seven school children and four adult persons were FREDERICK VOGEL, aged 70, died suddenly from apoplexy, on the 23d, on board the steamer Lahn, en route from

> the largest tanners in the United States. His body was taken to his home in Milwaukee. THE nitro glycerine factory two miles south of Lima, O., exploded with a terrific report on the 23th. Three persons

were killed and two probably fatally Two freight trains met at the third span of the Big Four bridge across the rifled after they were shot down. He Wabash river at Terre Haute, Ind., or kins, of Coffeyville, has put this idea | way at that point, making a chasm of a reconciliation having been effected. into Bill Dalton's head, and that he ninety feet. Down this the two enwill take the case on a contingent fee. gines and half a dozen coal and cattle THE malicious blowing up of the cars were preciptated into the river.

## LATE NEWS ITEMS.

In San Francisco, early on the morning of the 30th, James H. Bartlett, one of the survivors of the Jeannette Arctic expedition, who at intervals for several years has shown evidences of insanity, the result of the great hardships suffered during the horrible winter journey across the Lena delta, shot and dangerously wounded his wife, sent a bullet through his nieces' brain and then killed himself.

Among the twenty-five fires in Cleveland, O., on the morning of the 29th. was that of the Euclid avenue opera scarcely eight years' service to her house, which was entirely destroyed. credit, the United States steamer Mo- The Hanlon Bros., whose spectacular hican stands a good chance of being play, "Superba," occupied the stage, condemned, put out of commission and lost all their scenery and stage mechanism. The members of the company

> THE affairs of the Salvation army are killed. being thoroughly investigated by the earl of Onslow and the other members of the committee appointed for the purpose. The committee are visiting the shelters and colonies of the army in order that their report on Gen. Booth's "Darkest England" project may be of

P. D. Armour, of Chicago, telegraphed the Northwestern National Insurance Co., of Milwaukee, of which he is a heavy stockholder and director, to ville, Tenn., on the 27th, by United draw on him at sight for \$1,000,000 if necessary to pay losses caused by the

Most of the bodies of the victims of the Anchor line steamer Roumania Deputy Collector Spurrier. This is the wreck washed ashore at Cape Carveiero are in night attire, showing that the unfortunates were aroused from sleen only to encounter death in the terrible

THE miners at Carmaux, France, of their comrades imprisoned for riot-

municipal council of Berlin have re-

CALLERY JUNCTION, PA., twenty miles from Pittsburgh, on the Pittsburgh & Western railroad, was almost entirely barned on the 29th. Loss, \$50,000. GEN. ADLAI E. STEVENSON, the demo-

his letter of acceptance on the 29th.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Manufactures in St. Joseph. The census bulletin giving the manufacturing statistics of St. Joseph was issued on the 26th.

The bulletin says: "A striking feature of these returns is the satisfactory increase during the decade in the number of hands employed and the amount of wages paid. Although the greatest increase has occurred in the number of adult females employed in the manufacture of men's clothing, and receiving relatively low wages, yet, considering the total number of hands employed in all industries, the average wages per hand have increased from \$397 in 1860 to \$453 in 1890, or 14.11 per cent."

The total number of industries reported in 1850 was fifty-one, and in 1891 it was sixtyfour. The total number of establishments reporting in 1889 was 238, in 1890 it was 199, proving that though fewer establishments, the labor market has nevertheless been greatly extended. The increase in the number of hands employed in 1898 over 1890 was 2,316, earning in additional wages \$1,781,295, or about \$770 per band, proving a large increase of skilled labor. The increase in capital invested in manufac turing was \$3,225 934, almost three times that of 1880. The increase in the cost of material used was \$4.316.878, and in the value of the products, \$5,917,306.

Enormous Wheat Receipts. The enormous load of actual wheat continues to weigh the St. Louis market down like a millstone.

There appears to be no let-up to the flow of rheat from farmers' hands, which has been going on for weeks. Stocks are said to be enormous everywhere, and are constantly increasing at a rate that is truly astonishing. Since July I last there have been marketed at nine primary points over 120,000,000 bushels of wheat, or 20,000,000 bushels in excess of the heavy receipts for the same period last year. The elevator capacity at these markets are said to be taxed to their utmost capacity. In St. Louis the stocks of wheat are the largest on record. That the deluge of wheat now pour ing into the spring and winter wheat markets is a natural result of the famous "Hold Your Wheat" circular issued last year, says the St. Louis Republic, is now generally admitted. The yield this year, according to the government figures of October 10, is estimated at 520,000,000 bushals, but it is the opinion of the trade that much of the wheat now being marketed is from the 1801 crop, which has been held back by farmers in anticipation of higher prices, which have not been realized.

Cass County Jurists Paroled. At Kansas City the other day Judge Phillips gave a special parole to the three Cass county judges who have been in jail there for several months for contempt of court for refusing to make a levy for the payment of the old Tebo & Neosho bonds. The judges returned to Cass county. They must hold a session of the court and submit a proposition to the voters of the county for a compromise, and must agree to make the levy if the compromise is approved by the voters. They are to do no other business of the county. These terms were accepted, and the judges returned home and will try to bring the old matter to an end.

The Sedalla School-Book Case.

of D. C. Heath & Co. vs. The Sedalia School Board, to prohibit the use of any text books in the public schools of Sedalia other than those provided by the school-book commission of Missouri were concluded in the circuit court at Sedalia on the 27th. Judge Field took the case under advisement to render a decision at the January term of court.

Stolen Plunder in a Well. Richard Kaster, while cleaning out a well near Nevada, found a lot of gold jewelry in the mud at the bottom of the well. It consists of lockets, charms, cuff-buttons and rings, all gold or very heavily plafed. There were over 100 rings alone in the find, and the whole is estimated to be worth several hundred dollars.

Editor Crawford Found. Ed D. Crawford, of the Central Missouri Sentinel of Sedalia, who mysteriously disappeared from St. Louis last February, and was for a time supposed claims they had \$900 of their own the 28th, at the draw where the boats to have met with foul play, has been money, and that he knows who got it. go through, and the force of the colli- located in Denver, Col., for which point It is believed that Attorney Luther Per- | sion was so great that the bridge gave | his wife left the other day to join him,

Foul Play Feared. Edward Maxey, a wealthy farmer of Buchanan county, is missing. He was in St. Joseph being treated for spinal trouble, and had a large amount of money in his possession. It is feared

he has met with foul play. Judge Wm. G. Davis. Judge Wm. G. Davis, formerly president of the Livingston county court, died on the 26th, aged 83. He was a soldier in the war with the Seminoles, in 1837, and served in a Mississippi confederate regiment as major.

Stricken from the Registration List. The board of revision in St. Louis struck 15.600 names from the registration list of voters. Many of these applied for reinstatement, but the time was too short for all to receive justice.

A Fatal Wreck. A west-bound Frisco passenger train was wrecked near Conway. Al. Dickerson, baggageman, Springfield, and Floyd Howard, newsboy, Mashfield,

Fell Under a Train. Wash Porter, while attempting to climb up on a freight train in the yards at Pierce City. on the 27th, fell and was

hour. Confessed the Crime. Dick Robinson, co'ored, has confessed that he murdered Johanna Schollman, whose body was found in a street at Sedalia the other morning.

frightfully mangled. He lived half an

Died fom Paralysis. Charles Ross a well-known real-estate agent of Nevada, who was stricken with paralysis, died from the shock. He was a native of Indiana, aged 34.

Made a Clean Sween. Sam Short, aged 19, single, and Mrs. Eugene Severance eloped from Lexington. They found it convenient to take Mr. Severance's best suit and \$80.

Closing Barber Shops. The St. Louis city council has passed an ordinance closing barber shops on alty. Constanti e decreed that a womthe practicability of the measure.

A Switchman Killed. John Kennedy, a switchman in the yards at Kansas City, was run over by is deemed unlawful to open a grave for \$100. a switch engine the other night and instantly killed. Lived in Two Centuries.

been born in Washington county, Ky.,

THE NEW ELECTION LAW. Full Text of the Law Governing Election

in Missouri. An act to amend article 3, chapter 60, of the re vised statutes of 1889, of the state of Missour entitled "Elections in cities and towns of five thousand inhabitants and over," and extend ing the Australian system of voting to all voting precincts in the state. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the

state of Missouri as follows: Section 1. That sections Nos. 4712 4765, 4773, 4775, 4776, 4779, 4780, 4781, 4784, 4785, 4792 and 4794 of article 3, of chapter 60, of the revised stat-utes of the state of Missouri, be and the same ere hereby repealed, and the following sections substituted therefor:

Sec. 2 Section 4762 The certificate of non ination of a candidate for office, selected by any convention of delegates as herein defined, shall be signed and executed by the presiding officer and secretary of such convention. The certifi cate of nomination of a candidate for office, se lected by any primary election, as herein de fined shall be signed and executed by the pre siding officer and secretary of the political com-

Sec. 3. Section 4766. Certificates of nomina tion filed with the secretary of state shall be filed not more than sixty and not less than twenty days before the day fixed by law for the election of the persons in nomination. Certifi cates of nomination herein directed to be filed with the clerk of the county court of each cour ty, shall be filed not more than sixty days and not less than fifteen days before election. Pro vided, that in case of any vacancy in said nomination by resignation, death or otherwise, the central committee, or a convention called for that purpose of the party on whose ticket such vacancy may occur, may select and certify to the secretary of state, county clerk or recorde of voters the name or names of candidates to fill such vacancy: Provided, that the certifi cates of nomination to fill the vacancy shall be filed with the secretary of state not later than fifteen days before the day fixed by law for the election of the persons in nomina tion, and with the recorder of voters or county clerk not later than ten days before such ele

Sec 4. Section 4773 to read as follows: Every ballot printed under the provisions of this arti cle stall contain the name of every candidate whose nomination for any office specified in the ballot has been certified or filed according to the provisions of this article and no other names. The names of candidates nominated by each party shall be grouped together upon the proper ballot, and each group be headed by the ame of the political party by which the candidates composing said groups are placed in nomination. Every ballot shall also contain the name of the party or principle which the candidates represent, as contained in the certificates of nomination. Underneath the name of each candidate shall be left a blank space large enough to contain a written name

Sec. 5. Section 4775 to read as follows: The clerk of the county court of each county shall provide for each election district in his county one hundred ballots for every fifty and fraction of fifty electors registered. If there is no registration of voters in he district, he shall provide ballots to the number of two hundred for every fifty or fraction of fifty electors who

voted at the last general ele tion in the dis trict Sec. 6. Section 4776 to read as follows: Be fore the opening of the polis at any election for public officers within any county, the clerk of the county court shall cause to be delivered to the judges of election of each election district which is within the county in which the election is to be held, one-half of the number of ballots printed for such district, and the remainder he shall deliver to the constable of the election district in a sealed puckage, to be deivered to said judges only as may be necessary by reason of the loss, destruction or insufficiency of the ballots previously delivered. Sec. 7. Section 4779 to read as follows: All officers upon whom is imposed by law the duty of designating the polling places, shall provide in each place designated by them a sufficient

which shall be furnished with such supplies and conveniences as shall enable the voter conve compartment the electors shall mark their balots, screened from observation, and a guard so ail can approach within five feet of the ballot boxes, or the places or compartments berein provided for. The number of places or compartments shall not be less than one for every one hundred and fraction of one hundred electors who voted at the last preceding general election in the district; in cities having registration, the responsible the state of the st tion of one hundred names registered. No per sons, other than electors engaged in receiving, preparing or depositing their ballots, shall be permitted to be within said rail, except by authority of the judges of election, and except as s now by law otherwise provided. The expenses of providing such places or compart men s and guard-rails shall be a public charge, and shall be provided for in each county, town and city in the same manner as the other elec-

Sec. 8. Section 4780 to read as follows: On any day of election of public officers in any elec ion district, each qualified elector shall be entitled to receive from the judges of the election one ballot. It shall be the duty of such judges of election to deliver such ballot to the elector. Before delivering any ballot to the elector, the two judges of election having charge pon the back of the ballot with ink or indelible pencil, and no other writing shall be on the

back of the ballot, except the number of the Sec. 9. Section 4781 to read as follows: On receipt of his ballot the elector shall forthwith, and without leaving the polling place, retire alone to one of the places, booths or compartments provided, to prepare his ballot. He shall prepare his ballot by crossing out the groups he does not wish to vote, and then make all changes on one group by striking out the name or names of candidates he does rat wish to vote for, and write the name or names of his choice underneath so that the remaining part shall express his vote upon the questions submitted After preparing his ballot, the elector shall fold the same so that the face of the ballot will be concealed and the initials of the judges may be seen. He shall then vote forthwith and before leaving the polling place: Provided, that any outside party shall have the right to challenge

any voter whom he suspects to be an illegal voter, and the judges shall determine the right of the party challenged to vote. Sec. 10. Section 1784 to read as follows: Any elector who declares under oath to the judges of election having charge of the ballot that he physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, may declare his choice of candidates to the judges having charge of the ballots, who, in the presence of the elector, shall prepare the ballot for voting in the manner hereinbefore provided. Such elector, after making such oath, may require one of such judges to read to him the contents of the ballot, so that the elector

can ascertain the relative position of the names of the candidates on each ballot. Sec. 11. Section 4785 to read as follows: Every it shall be received. No judge of election shall deposit any ba lot upon which the names or for, does not appear. Sec. 12 Section 4792 to read as follows: Sec-

tion 4792. This article shall not apply to elec-

ions for public offices determined otherwise

than by bailot, to township or village elections, to school elections or elections of county commissioners of public schools, or elections of road overseers. Sec. 13. Section 4791 to read as follows: All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act re hereby repealed.

Sec 14 The provisions of this article, as amended, shall apply to all the election preinets in this state. Approved April 4, 1891

Curiosities of Grave Robbing.

Under the laws of Draco, which you will remember as being the most severe code ever drawn up, all grave robbers were put to death without trial. The old Athenian laws put a slave to death for disturbing a body after interment; but, in the case of a freeman, a "confiscation of his possessions" was the pen-Sunday. The barbers are divided as to an might obtain a divorce if she could prove that her husband had disturbed the remains of the dead. At one time (in the time of the seventh and eighth Henrys) the English law held that "it a second person, except for a husband or wife." If I have not been misinformed, grave robbers in this country Nancy Miles, of Johnson county, is only lay themselves liable to a fine and imprisonment for a short time, unless the oldest person in the county, having it can be proven that they took the grave clothes along with the body. March 1, 1793.

Pushing the Work.

Work is being pushed on the Kansas City, Nevada & Fort Smith railway
Trains will soon rue to Pittsburg Kas.

grave clothes along with the body. For this reason, ghouls (real professionals) always strip the remains stark naked before depositing them in the "long sack" preparatory to their removal to some medical college.—St. Louis Republic.

THE MISSOURI BALLOT LAW. Instructions to Voters-How the Ballots

Are Prepared. 1. Do not attempt to vote, or enter the limits of the polling place, until you have seen and examined a form of the official ballot then in use in your precinct, and until you have been fully nstructed as to the proper method of preparing and casting your ballot 2. Give your name, and, if required,

of election. 3. If your right to vote is not chalenged, the judges will hand you a balot, on the back of which ballot the two judges having charge thereof must have written (with ink or indelible pencil) the names or initials of said two judges, and no other writing must then

your place of residence, to the judges

appear on the ballot. 4. If your vote is challenged, you will not receive a ballot until you have established your right to vote, by affidavit or otherwise.

5. When you have received the ballot from the judges, retire at once alone (without leaving the polling place) to one of the booths or compartments provided, and unfold and prepare your

ballot. 6. Every ballot will be printed, and thereon will appear the names of all the candidates nominated by each party. with the name or title of the office or place for which each one is a candidate. The names of all candidates nominated by each party will be grouped together upon the ballot, and each group or ticket will be headed by the name of the political party by which the candidates composing the group or ticket were placed in nomination.

7. The groups of names of the candidates of the several political parties will be found arranged in parallel columns, or with one group below the other, or both arrangements may be adopted to some extent.

8. If you want to vote for all the can-

didates of a party, without any excep-

tions or "scratching," you must simply cross out the groups of candidates or tickets you do not wish to vote for. 9. In crossing out the groups or tickets you do not vote a good pencil or pen

should be used, and the erasure carefully and clearly made. 10. If you wish to vote for some candidates of different parties appearing in two or more groups or tickets on your ballot, or if you wish to "scratch" your party ticket, you must first cross off of the ballot all but one of the groups of candidates or tickets (as explained above, rule 8 and 9), and then cross or mark off of the remaining group or ticket, the name or names of any candidates in that group for whom you do not wish to vote, or who you wish to "scratch," and write under the name or names crossed or scratched out the name or names of any one for whom you desire to vote, whether any such

written name appeared in any other group or ticket or not. 11. In changing or "scratching" your party ticket (as explained above in rule 10), be careful not to cross out the title or name of the office, if you desire to write under it the name of another candidate, but simply cross or scratch off the candidate's name, with marks of pencil or pen passing plainly through the name (from left to right), and then write in the blank space (underneath the name scratched or crossed off) the name of the candidate to be voted for. 12. Do not mark your ballot in any other way than as indicated above, or

it may be thrown out and not counted. 13. If you spoil a ballot in preparing t, you must return it and get another in the place of it. 14. If you will declare upon oath that you cannot read the English language, or that by reason of physical disability you are unable to mark your ballot,

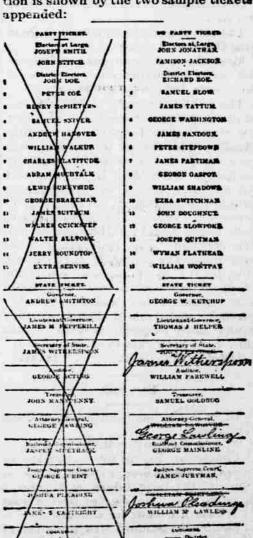
two judges in preparing your ballot. These officers will mark your ballot as 15. Before leaving the voting booth, fold your ballot so as to conceal the marks, and to expose the official indorse-

upon request you will be assisted by

ment on the back. 16. Leave the booth and hand your ballot to the judge in charge of the ballot box, who, without marking it in any other way, must number it and deposit it in the box. 17. You will not be allowed to occupy a voting booth with another voter.

18. You will not be allowed to vote any ballot except the one you received from the judges. 19. You will not be allowed to occupy a booth more than five minutes. 20. You will not be allowed to re-

enter the inclosed space, after you have voted, during the election. The method of erasure and substitution is shown by the two sample tickets



SOME MONEY MATTERS.

GOLD double eagle of 1849 is worth

THERE are \$1,400,000,000 in gold in circulation throughout the world. A FLORIDA silver half dollar of 1760 i worth \$10, while the Virginia silver half | furnace which had been left upon the dollar of 1773 is valued at \$2. The pewter | roof. The heavy wind prevailing blew

continental dollar of 1776 is worth \$3. cut, issued in 1727, is appraised at \$30. One variety has the inscription: "I am the small amount of woodwork on the a good copper," and another has the demy way through."

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK

. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review-The Moderate Demand from Europe for ade and Consequent Car Famine All Along the Line—Distribution of Manufactured Products Thoughout the Country Larger than Ever-Wheat Lower than Ever Known in New York-Business Failures, Etc.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.-R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: There is a car famine from Pittsburgh to the-Rocky mountains. This single fact shows the-best and the worst of business. The west is marketing enormous crops, probably exceeding in quantity all efficial or unofficial estimates, but Europe is buying but moderately, the demands of the east are not greater than usual, and all the elevators both east and west are crammed with grain and all the yards are full of loaded cars. Distribution of manufactured products is larger than it ever has been, and manufacturers are crowled with orders' while the approach of the presidential election does not interfere perceptibly with legitimate trade. Wheat is selling at the lowest price ever known at New York. Many years ago, it touched 78 cents in one day, but the quotation is now 75% cents for October delivery. Receipts at western points have been 6 300 000 bushels in four days, more than 36,-000,00) bushels in four weeks, while the exports from Atlantic perts in four days have been 1,300,000 bushels. The price here has declined 15g cents and the spinion steadily gains ground that all estimates of the crop have been below the truth. Cern has advanced 15g cents and oats 1 cent, netwithstanding especially. cially favorable weather for the farmers in the states where corn has not yet been gathered. The belief is that the yield of corn, though larger than was recently expected, will not quite equal the year's demands. Oil has delined three-quarter of a cent while coffee has risen an eighth, but the price of cotton is the same as a week ago, after large sales and considerable fluctuations, the receipts being comparatively small, while reports in some southern states helped the speculators for an al-At Boston, money is firm and collections sat-

isfactory, trade in dry goods being excellent, and print cloths and some grades of cotton goods having advanced. Woolen manufacturers are busy with prices unchanged, and the shoe manufacturer is pressed with orders ex-tending beyond the usual sesson. At Philadelhis the fron trade improves, but paints and class are less active; large orders are noted for boots and shoes, and trade in liquors and tobacco is good. Groceries are very active, though collections in that branch are slow. Trade in dry goods is larger than usual, the demand for worsteds being satisfactory and carpst and knit goods being fairly well employed. Business at Baltimore is larger than last year and money is easy. A jump in prices of soft steel is seen at Pittsburgh, but the glass trades not in good condition. At Cincinnati whisky s strong, the demand increasing and the mediam or lower grades of tobacco are strong. General trade is good at Cleveland with rolled iron in active demand, and prices tend upward with increasing orders. At Indianapolis trade is unusually good, and at Detroit active with noney in fair demand. The celebration at Chicago has reduced business in some lines, but rece pts of corn has increased largely, of wheat 0 per cent., of floor and cheese 20 per cent, and f butter 75 per cent. in comparison with last rear, while some increase is seen in cured meats, sheep and seeds; but a decrease in cats. ve, barely, dressed beef, cattle and hogs. At Milwau'ce trade is larger than last year and at S. Paul good, though collections are only fair. At Minneapolis wheat receipts are 2,000,000 ushels, and the lumber trade is excellent Business at St. Louis is strong, except in winter clothing and woolen goods, grain receipts being remarkably large; and at Kansa City receipts of cattle and hogs are heavy though the car blockate checks transactions there as at other western points. At Omaha trade is heavy in groceries, dry goods and hardware, and at Denver good in all lines. At Little Rock the outlook is gloomy, but at Louisville trade is satisfactory, and steady at Memphis though below the normal average. Business is fair at Nashville, but somewhat quiet at New Orleans, owing to labor troubles. Though it is not the season for especial activity in boots and shoes, it is stated that not for years has there been such a demand. Manufacturers of women's shoes are especially driven to their utmost ca-pacity. Shipments for the week have been 70, -(K) cases against 66,000 last year. The demand for paper is so large that prices of fine quality nave risen I cent and book paper from a quarter to half a cent. with prespect of further advance on account of the scarcity of foreign rags. Textile manufacturers are busy as usual, with no indication of a decrease in demand, print cloths and some grades of cetton goods having advanced. Structural from is in great demand, nd sheets are very active as well as plates, but bar is moderately active and rails remarkably dull. Stocks of pig iron are shrinking and prices firmer, southern producers finding less ecasion to crowd down the market in order to dispose of their products. Copper is more steady at 11% cents, and tin unchanged, while in coal heavy cutting of price is reported and no change in the schedule has been made by the agents, though scarcity of cars limits the delivery of the bituminous coal. Exports of domestic products continue much below last year's in value, as is natural, the decrease at New York for four weeks being about 20 per cent. Imports continue re-markably large, and treasury receipts so heavy that the stock of gold increased \$1,300,-000 and of silver \$2,200,000 while \$2,701,000 more paper was put out. The stock market has been strong sines the news of the purchase of the Boston & Maine and New England by the Reading, but speculation is still unsupported by any public demand. Until after the presi-

dential election no great activity is to be ex-The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number, for the United States, 167, and for Canada 20; or a total of 187, as compared with 255 for the corresponding week of last year.

Canadian Business Outlook.

New York, Oct. 29 .- Advices to Bradstreet's from Canada say: The movement of grain at and through Montreal is quite briefs, nearbly wheat and oats. The trale in dry goods, greecries, hardware and hog products there is also active. Farmers throughout the province of Quebec are greatly favored by mild weether. General trade has been quiet and at Toronte the mild weather is greatly checking sales of seasonable dry goods and furs. Low prices for wheat and scarcity of cars depress that cersal.

Cars Getting Scarce in South Dakota. HURON, S. D., Oct. 38 .- Another wheat blockade and car famine exists in South Dakota. The railroads operating in the

state are are sorely pressed for cars and unable to supply more than one-tenth of the number desired. All warehouses and elevators are full and some buyers have suspended business because no storage capacity or shipping facilities can be secured. On the Dakota Central division of the Chicago & Northwestern the daily receipts of wheat average over 100,000 bushels. Other roads report correspondingly heavy receipts.

A Very Wise Pelicy If Persisted in by

LONDON, Oct. 29 .- It is announced on excellent authority that there is no purpose whatever on the part of the present government to annex Samoa or any part of it to Great Britain; that both Mr. Gladstone and Lord Roseberry are in favor of leaving things substantially in their present condition, so far as the foreign relations of Samoa are concerned, and that any reforms that may be necessary in the local administration of Samoa will be undertaken only with the full consent of Germany and the United States.

Fire on the World's Fair Grounds. CHICAGO, Oct. 29.-The first fire of note in Jackson park since the Wo fair buildings were begun started early yesterday evening in the main dome of the large machinery hall. It was caused by live coals from a tinner's the coals from the furnace to the roof ontinental dollar of 1776 is worth \$3.

The copper threepence of Connectiburned over an hour, but because of burned over an hour, but because building, the damage was not as serivice of an ax, with the words: "I cut ous as it might have been under other circumstances.